

Checklist of Scale Insects in Bulgaria (Hemiptera, Coccoidea)

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Abstract: The scale insects of Bulgaria are a comparatively well-studied group. The most substantial contribution was made by Tsalev (1968), who listed 89 species belonging to 8 families, 55 new to Bulgaria. Using all literary sources, we have increased the number of species found in Bulgaria to 145 in 11 families and 65 genera. Thirty-eight of these are of alien origin. The number of species now known in each family is as follows: Diaspididae 48 species in 21 genera, Pseudococcidae 33 species in 16 genera, Coccidae 33 species in 18 genera, Eriococcidae 13 species in 4 genera, Asterolecaniidae 6 species in 2 genera, Kermesidae 4 species in 1 genus, Ortheziidae 3 species in 3 genera, and Matsucoccidae 2 species in 1 genus. The Cero-coccidae, Monophlebidae and Putoidae each have only 1 species in 1 genus. The previously unrecorded species listed here are taken from unreferenced text sources and so have not been included in ScaleNet. The paper provides information about outdoor and indoor species found in Bulgaria in last 75 years, since the first list of Coccoidea was published.

Keywords: scale insects, checklist, Bulgaria

Introduction

The increased trade interactions among countries and the import of plants, cut blossoms and bonsai has created great potential for the introduction of alien species of scale insects throughout Europe, including Bulgaria.

In addition, the current changes in climate, the lack of natural regulators (predators and parasitoids) in their new habitats and their high reproduction capacity and their small size and protective waxy coverings make the spread and survival of these insects to new environments highly probable. For these and other reasons, Coccoidea have been shown to be some of the most economically important invasive insects and have proved to be extremely difficult to control.

Here we present the results of an intensive literature search and some recent surveys of Coccoidea

in Bulgaria. It forms part of our study on “Invasive scale insects on ornamental plants in Bulgaria and China”, financed by the Scientific Studies Fund, Ministry of Education, Youth and Science, Republic of Bulgaria. We also summarise the few previous studies on this group in Bulgaria.

Materials and Methods

This list is based on bibliographic sources and on collections made by the authors and provides information about outdoor and indoor species found in Bulgaria in last 75 years, since the first list of Coccoidea was published. The nomenclature used here for the Coccoidea follows the ScaleNet database (Ben Dov *et al.*, 2012). In the discussion below, all species believed to be alien to Bulgaria are in bold.

Results and Discussion

The scale insects of Bulgaria are a comparatively well-studied group. The first list of Coccoidea was published by Chorbadzhiev in 1938 but he included only 23 species on 24 host plants. Later studies are those of Lazarov (1940), Buresh & Lazarov (1956), Tsalev (1968), Kozar *et al.* (1979), Grigorov (1976), Trenchev (1987), Staneva (1992; 2003), Pencheva (1995; 2007); Hodgson & Trencheva (2008), Trencheva *et al.* (2009), Gavrilov (2010) and Trencheva *et al.* (2010). The most substantial contribution was made by Tsalev (1968), who listed 89 species belonging to 8 families, 55 new to Bulgaria.

According to ScaleNet (Ben Dov *et al.*, 2012), Bulgaria currently has some 119 species, of which 34 are of alien origin (Tomov *et al.*, 2009). Some of these families are poorly represented, such as the Asterolecaniidae 2 species, Cerococcidae 1, Kermesidae 3, Matsucoccidae 2, Monophlebidae 2 and Ortheziidae with 2 species. The most speciose families are the Diaspididae with 40, the Pseudococcidae with 29 and the Coccidae with 28 species. The Eriococcidae is represented by 12 species.

Using all literary sources, we have increased the number of species found in Bulgaria to 145 in 11 families and 65 genera. Thirty-eight of these are of alien origin. The number of species now known in each family is as follows: Diaspididae 48, Pseudococcidae 33, Coccidae 33, Eriococcidae 13, Asterolecaniidae 6, Kermesidae 4, Ortheziidae 3, Matsucoccidae 2, Cerococcidae 1, Monophlebidae 1 and Putoidae 1 species (Table 1). The previously unrecorded species listed here are taken from unreferenced text sources and so have not been included in ScaleNet.

In the discussion below, all species believed to be alien to Bulgaria are in bold.

Ortheziidae: *Insignorthesia insignis*, *Newstedia floccosa*, *Orthezia urticae*. None are known to cause damage.

Matsucoccidae: *Matsucoccus feytaudi* and *Matsucoccus pini*, both on *Pinus nigra*. None are known to cause damage.

Monophlebidae: *Icerya purchasi*. This species has been found only on ornamental plants in greenhouses, botanic gardens and private collections. It is not believed to be a danger to decorative plants in urban zones, because of the low temperatures during winter months. However, it is considered that *I.*

purchasi could be a potential threat if the climate changes.

Pseudococcidae: 33 species in 16 genera. The number of species in each genus is *Phenacoccus* 5, *Pseudococcus* 4, *Trionymus* 4, *Planococcus* 3, and *Atrococcus*, *Balanococcus*, *Spilococcus*, *Peliococcus*, *Rhizoecus* all with 2 species, and *Coccura*, *Helioecoccus*, *Mirococcus*, *Nipaecoccus*, *Volvicoccus*, *Ceroputo* and *Vryburgia* with 1 each. Of these, 7 are considered to be of foreign and were collected in association with decorative plants. Of these, *Pseudococcus calceolariae* was found on *Catalpa bignonioides* and *Cercis siliquastrum* in Sozopol in the open, where it overwintered apparently without difficulty. Until now, it was considered that this species couldn't overwinter outside in Bulgaria. There is very little data on the other introduced species (namely *Nipaecoccus nipae*, *Planococcus citri*, *Pseudococcus longispinus*, *Pseudococcus viburni*, *Spilococcus mamillariae* and *Vryburgia amaryllidis*). These species were found in the open only during the warmer months and only in cultivation facilities (i.e. under glass) and in private collections.

Some of the species belonging to *Phenacoccus*, *Pseudococcus* and *Ceroputo* are considered to be of economic importance. *Phenacoccus aceris* is a pest of *Malus domestica*, *Prunus persica*, *Prunus armeniaca*, *Prunus avium*, *Cydonia oblonga* and *Mespilus* sp. (Lazarov & Grigorov, 1960; Grigorov, 1976), particularly in Kyustendil and Sofia regions. However, little is known about its biology in Bulgaria. *Pseudococcus maritimus* was established on *Morus* sp. and *Solanum tuberosum* (Tsalev, 1968). *Ceroputo*, represented by *C. pilosellae*, has been found on *Fragaria* sp. (Staneva, 2003). There is no data for this species regarding its distribution and biology in Bulgaria.

Eriococcidae: 13 species belonging to 4 genera, of which 10 species are in the genus *Eriococcus*. Of the other genera, *Acanthococcus* only has *A. aceris* found on *Acer* sp. (Tsalev, 1968) and *Quercus* sp. (Gavrilov, 2010); *Cryptococcus* is only represented by *C. fagisuga* on *Fagus* sp. (Tsalev, 1968) and the only recorded species of *Pseudochermes*, *P. fraxini*, is only known off *Fraxinus* sp. (Chorbadzhiev, 1938) and *Fraxinus excelsior* (Tsalev, 1968; Kozar *et al.*, 1979). There appear to be no species of foreign origin and none are considered to be pests of agricultural crops or decorative plants. Most species

Table 1. Annotated list of scale insect species established in Bulgaria, with validation source

Family/Species	Validation source
Fam. Ortheziidae	
<i>Insignorthezia insignis</i> (Browne) *	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Newsteadia floccosa</i> (De Geer)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Orthezia urticae</i> (Linnaeus)	TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; GAVRILOV, 2010
Fam. Monophlebidae	
<i>Icerya purchasi</i> Maskell*	TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 2007; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
Fam. Pseudococcidae	
<i>Atrococcus achilleae</i> (Kiritschenko)	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Atrococcus paludinus</i> (Green)	GAVRILOV, 2010; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012
<i>Balanococcus balkanicus</i> GavriloV	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Balanococcus boratynskii</i> Williams	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Coccura comari</i> (Kunow)	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Heliococcus destructor</i> Borchsenius	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Mirococcus</i> sp.	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Nipaecoccus nipae</i> (Maskell)*	PENCHEVA, 2007
<i>Peliococcus balteatus</i> (Green)	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Peliococcus marrubii</i> (Kiritschenko)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Phenacoccus aceris</i> (Signoret)	LAZAROV & GRIGOROV, 1960; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976
<i>Phenacoccus alibotush</i> GavriloV	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Phenacoccus piceae</i> (Loew)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Phenacoccus pumilus</i> Kiritschenko	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Phenacoccus</i> sp.	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Planococcus ficus</i> (Signoret)	PENCHEVA, 2007
<i>Planococcus citri</i> (Risso)*	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Planococcus vovae</i> (Nasonov)	TSALEV, 1968; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012
<i>Pseudococcus calceolariae</i> (Maskell)*	TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012
<i>Pseudococcus longispinus</i> (Targioni Tozzetti)*	TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Pseudococcus maritimus</i> (Ehrhorn)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Pseudococcus viburni</i> (Signoret)*	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Ceroputo pilosellae</i> (Sulc)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; STANEVA, 2003
<i>Rhizoecus falcifer</i> Kunckel d'Herculeis	PENCHEVA, 2004; PENCHEVA, 2007
<i>Rhizoecus halophilus</i> (Hardy)	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Spilococcus halli</i> (McKenzie & Williams)	DANZIG, 1998
<i>Spilococcus mamillariae</i> (Bouche)*	PENCHEVA & GERASIMOVA, 2006; PENCHEVA, 2007
<i>Trionymus aberrans</i> Goux	KOZAR, 1985
<i>Trionymus perrisii</i> (Signoret)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Trionymus radicum</i> (Newstead)	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Trionymus</i> sp.	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Volvicoccus stipae</i> (Borchsenius)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Vryburgia amaryllidis</i> (Bouché)*	TSALEV, 1968
Fam. Eriococcidae	
<i>Acanthococcus aceris</i> Signoret	TSALEV, 1968; GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Cryptococcus fagisuga</i> Lindinger	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Eriococcus</i> sp.	TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Eriococcus agropyri</i> (Borchsenius)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Eriococcus buxi</i> (Boyer de Fonscolombe)	TSALEV, 1968

Table 1. Continued

Family/Species	Validation source
<i>Eriococcus cynodontis</i> Kiritchenko	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Eriococcus gouxi</i> (Balachowsky)	KOSZTARAB & KOZAR, 1988
<i>Eriococcus insignis</i> Newstead	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Eriococcus melnikensis</i> Hodgson & Trencheva	HODGSON & TRENCHIEVA, 2008
<i>Eriococcus munroi</i> (Boratynski)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Eriococcus pseudinsignis</i> Green	KOSZTRAB & KOZAR, 1988
<i>Eriococcus spurius</i> (Modeer)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Pseudochermes fraxini</i> (Kaltenbach)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
Fam. Kermesidae	
<i>Kermes gibbosus</i> Signoret	TSALEV, 1968; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009; GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Kermes quercus</i> (Linnaeus)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Kermes nakagawae</i> Kuwana	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Kermes roboris</i> (Fourcroy)	TSALEV, 1968; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009; GAVRILOV, 2010
Fam. Asterolecaniidae	
<i>Asterodiaspis bella</i> (Russell)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Asterodiaspis quercicola</i> (Bouche)	KOZAR <i>ET AL.</i> , 1979
<i>Asterodiaspis repugnans</i> (Russell)	TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Asterodiaspis roboris</i> (Russell)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Asterodiaspis variolosa</i> (Ratzeburg)	TSALEV & VULCHEVA, 1963; TSALEV, 1968
<i>Planchonia arabidis</i> Signoret	TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012
Fam. Coccidae	
<i>Ceroplastes japonicus</i> Green*	PENCHEVA, 2007; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Coccus hesperidum</i> Linnaeus*	BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Eriopeltis lichtensteini</i> Signoret	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Eriopeltis festucae</i> (Boyer de Fonscolombe)	KOZAR, 1985
<i>Eucalymnatus tessellatus</i> (Signoret)*	TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Eulecanium ciliatum</i> (Douglas)	TSALEV, 1968; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Eulecanium franconicum</i> (Lindinger)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Eulecanium sericeum</i>	RUSKOV, 1928; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956
<i>Eulecanium tiliae</i> (Linnaeus)	BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; CHORBADJIEV, 1938; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Lecanopsis</i> sp.	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Lecanopsis clodiensis</i> (Pellizzari)	GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Lecanopsis subterranea</i> (Gomez-Menor Ortega)	KOZAR, 1985
<i>Lichtensia viburni</i> Signoret	PENCHEVA & DRAGANOVA, 2000
<i>Luzulaspis luzulae</i> (Dufour)	TSALEV, 1968; GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Luzulaspis nemorosa</i> Koteja	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Palaeolecanium bituberculatum</i> (Signoret)	TSALEV & VULCHEVA, 1963A; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976
<i>Parafairmairia bipartita</i> (Signoret)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Parthenolecanium corni</i> (Bouche)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; NIKOLOVA, 1969; GRIGOROV, 1976; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Parthenolecanium fletcheri</i> (Cockerell)*	TSALEV, 1968; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Parthenolecanium persicae</i> (Fabricius)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976; TRENCHIEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012

Table 1. Continued

Family/Species	Validation source
<i>Parthenolecanium pomericum</i> (Kawecki)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Parthenolecanium rufulum</i> (Cockerell)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV & VULCHEVA, 1965; TSALEV, 1968; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Phyllostroma myrtilli</i> (Kaltenbach)	GAVRILOV, 2010;
<i>Physokermes hemicyphus</i> (Dalman)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; GAVRILOV, 2010
<i>Physokermes piceae</i> (Schrank)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Poaspis jahandiezi</i> (Balachowsky)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Pulvinaria vitis</i> (Linnaeus)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976
<i>Pulvinaria floccifera</i> (Westwood)*	PENCHEVA, 1995A
<i>Pulvinaria hydrangeae</i> Steinweden*	TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012
<i>Rhodococcus perornatus</i> (Cockerell & Parrott)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1966; 1968; NIKOLOVA, 1969
<i>Saissetia coffeae</i> (Walker)*	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Saissetia oleae</i> (Olivier) *	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Sphaerolecanium prunastri</i> (Boyer de Fonscolombe)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
Fam. Diaspididae	
<i>Acanthomytilus jablonowskii</i> Kozar & Matile-Ferrero	KOZAR & NAGY, 1998
<i>Abgrallaspis cyanophylli</i> (Signoret)*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Aonidia lauri</i> (Bouche)	TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Aspidiotus nerii</i> Bouche*	BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Aulacaspis rosae</i> (Bouche)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012
<i>Aulacaspis yasumatsui</i> Takagi*	TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Carulaspis juniperi</i> (Bouche)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; STANEVA, 2003
<i>Carulaspis minima</i> (Signoret)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; STANEVA, 2003
<i>Carulaspis visci</i> (Schrank)	STANEV, 1965; TSALEV, 1968
<i>Chionaspis salicis</i> (Linnaeus)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; TSALEV, 1968
<i>Chrysomphalus aonidium</i> (Linnaeus)*	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; PENCHEVA, 1995; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Chrysomphalus dictyospermi</i> (Morgan)*	TSALEV, 1964, 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Diaspidiotus gigas</i> (Thiem & Gerneck)	TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Diaspidiotus lenticularis</i> (Lindinger)	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; STANEVA, 2003
<i>Diaspidiotus marani</i> (Zahradnik)	STANEV, 1964; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; STANEVA, 2003
<i>Diaspidiotus osborni</i> (Newell & Cockerell)*	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Diaspidiotus ostreaeformis</i> (Curtis)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; LAZAROV, 1940; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Diaspidiotus perniciosus</i> (Comstock)*	STANEV, 1963; TSALEV, 1968; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2012
<i>Diaspidiotus pyri</i> (Lichtenstein)	LAZAROV, 1940; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976
<i>Diaspidiotus wuenni</i> (Lindinger)	STANEV, 1964; TSALEV, 1968
<i>Diaspidiotus zonatus</i> (Frauenfeld)	STANEV, 1964; TSALEV, 1968
<i>Diaspis boisduvalii</i> Signoret*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968
<i>Diaspis bromeliae</i> (Kerner)*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968

Table 1. Continued

Family/Species	Validation source
<i>Dynaspidiotus abietis</i> (Schrank)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> (Signoret)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938 ; LAZAROV, 1940; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; GRIGOROV, 1976; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Gymnaspis aechmeae</i> Newstead*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Hemiberlesia lataniae</i> (Signoret)*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Hemiberlesia rapax</i> (Comstock)*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Lepidosaphes beckii</i> (Newman)*	CHORBADJIEV, 1938
<i>Lepidosaphes granati</i> Koroneos	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Lepidosaphes juniperi</i> Lindinger	TSALEV, 1968; STANEVA, 2003
<i>Lepidosaphes malicola</i> Borchsenius	TRENCEVA, 1987
<i>Lepidosaphes newsteadii</i> (Sulc)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Lepidosaphes conchiformis</i> (Gmelin)	BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968
<i>Lepidosaphes ulmi</i> (Linnaeus)	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Leucaspis lowi</i> Colvee	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; PENCHEVA, 2000
<i>Leucaspis pini</i> (Hartig)	BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 2000
<i>Leucaspis pusilla</i> Low	TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 2000
<i>Parlatoria oleae</i> (Colvee)*	LAZAROV, 1940; TSALEV, 1968; GRIGOROV, 1976; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Parlatoria parlatoriae</i> (Sulc)	TSALEV, 1968
<i>Parlatoria pergandii</i> Comstock*	TSALEV, 1964; TSALEV, 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Parlatoria proteus</i> (Curtis)*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Parlatoria ziziphi</i> (Lucas)*	CHORBADJIEV, 1938
<i>Pinnaspis strachani</i> (Cooley)*	PENCHEVA, 2007
<i>Pinnaspis aspidistrae</i> (Signoret)*	TSALEV, 1964; 1968; PENCHEVA, 1995
<i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> (Targioni Tozzetti)*	TSALEV, 1968; STANEVA, 1989; STANEVA, 1992; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
<i>Targionia vitis</i> (Signoret)	STANEV, 1964; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979 ; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2009
<i>Unaspis euonymi</i> (Comstock)*	CHORBADJIEV, 1938; BURESH & LAZAROV, 1956; TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979 ; TRENCEVA <i>et al.</i> , 2010
Fam. Matsucoccidae	
<i>Matsucoccus feytaudi</i> Ducasse	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
<i>Matsucoccus pini</i> Green	FOLDI, 2005
Fam. Cerococcidae	
<i>Cerococcus cycliger</i> Goux	KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979
Fam. Putoidae	
<i>Puto superbus</i> (Leonardi)	TSALEV, 1968; KOZAR <i>et al.</i> , 1979; GAVRILOV, 2010

*species with alien origin according to Pellizzari & Germain (2010).

are found on forestry trees, such as species of *Acer*, *Quercus*, *Fagus*, *Ulmus* and *Fraxinus* (Table 1).

Kermesidae: 4 species, all in *Kermes* – *Kermes gibbosus*, *K. quercus*, *K. nakagawae* and *K. roboris*, all only known on the genus *Quercus*. These species are considered to be indigenous and appear to cause no damage to their tree hosts.

Asterolecaniidae: 6 species in the genera *Asterodiaspis* and *Planchonina*. *A. bella*, *A. quercicola*, *A. roboris*, *A. variolosa* and *A. repugnans* appear to be restricted to oaks (*Quercus* spp), while *Planchonina arabis* is only known off *Hedera helix* (table. 1). These species are believed to be indigenous and are not thought to damage their host plants.

Cerococcidae: only *Cerococcus cycliger* found on *Thymus pulegioides*.

Coccidae: 33 species belonging to 18 genera. *Parthenolecanium* has 5 species, *Eulecanium* 4 and *Pulvinaria* and *Lecanopsis* have 3 species. Eight species are believed to be of foreign origin, all found in association with decorative plants: *Ceroplastes japonicus*, *Coccus hesperidum*, *Eucalymnatus tessellatus*, *Pulvinaria floccifera*, *Saissetia coffeae* and *Saissetia oleae*. They can all develop throughout the year under cultivation facilities. *Pulvinaria hydrangeae* (recorded for the first time in Bulgaria in 2010 on *Tilia* sp. in Sofia) and *Parthenolecanium fletcheri* are able to overwinter outside.

Some Coccidae are serious pests of fruit, namely *Eulecanium mali*, *E. tiliae*, *Palaeolecanium bituberculatum*, *Parthenolecanium corni*, *P. persicae* and *Sphaerolecanium prunastri*. Other species, such as *Lecanopsis clodiensis* and *Lecanopsis subterranea* appear to be restricted to grasses, whilst *Parthenolecanium rufulum*, *P. fletcheri* and *P. pomeranicum* develop only on such forest trees as *Quercus*, *Ulmus* and *Taxus* species.

Diaspididae: 48 species belonging to 21 genera. The largest genera are *Diaspidiotus* 9 species, and *Lepidosaphes* and *Parlatoria* with 7 and 5 species respectively. Nine diaspidid species are serious pests of *Malus*, *Prunus*, *Pyrus*, *Cydonia*, *Morus* fruit trees – *Diaspidiotus ostreaeformis*, *D. perniciosus*, *D. pyri*, *D. marani*, *Epidiaspis leperii*, *Lepidosaphes ulmi*, *L. malicola*, *Parlatoria oleae* and *Pseudaulacaspis pentagona*. Twenty one species of diaspidid are believed to be of foreign origin, most of them in association with decora-

tive plants, plus *Diaspidiotus osborni* on *Platanus orientalis* (Kozar *et al.*, 1979). The remaining species (*Abgrallaspis cyanophylli*, *Aspidiotus nerii*, *Aulacaspis yasumatsui*, *Chrysomphalus aonidum*, *C. dictyospermi*, *Diaspis boisduvalii*, *D. bromeliae*, *Gymnaspis aechmeae*, *Hemiberlesia lataniae*, *H. rapax*, *Parlatoria pergandii*, *P. ziziphi*, *P. proteus*, *Pinnaspis aspidistrae*, *P. strachani* and *Lepidosaphes beckii*) are serious pests in cultivation facilities and in private collections, where they can develop all the year round but are not thought to be able to overwinter outside.

Some *Carulaspis* species, notably *C. juniperi*, *C. minima* and *C. visci*, are closely associated with species of *Juniperus*, *Thuja*, *Cupressus* and *Taxus* and cause unsightly damage to their hosts and may even kill them. *Leucaspis* spp., notably *L. lowi*, *L. pini* and *L. pusilla*, are mainly restricted to *Pinus* spp., whilst *Diaspidiotus wuenni*, *D. zonatus* and *Targionia vitis* are restricted to oaks (*Quercus* spp).

Unaspis euonymi is mainly found on *Euonymus* species which it frequently kills, and *Acanthomytilus jablonowskii* is restricted to Poaceae.

Putoidae: only *Puto superbus* found on *Plantago carinata*, *Rumex acetosella*, *Agrostis vulgaris*, *Euphorbia cyparissias*, *Hieracium hoppenum*, *Agropyrum* sp., *Dianthus* sp., *Andropogon ischaemum*, *Dactylis* sp.

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