# New Records of Two Rare Species of the Family Chalcididae (Hymenoptera: Chalcidoidea) in Iran, with Data on Their Associations

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Abstract:

Two species of the family Chalcididae (Hymenoptera: Chalcidoidea), i.e. *Cratocentrus tomentosus* (Nikol'skaya, 1952) and *Trigonura ninae* (Nikol'skaya, 1952), were reared for the first time from *Chrysobothris parvipunctata* Obenberger, 1914 (Coleoptera: Buprestidae) from pomegranate trees in central Iran. The bioagent potential of these two parasitoid species for controlling jewel beetles is discussed.

Keywords: Chalcidoidea, Buprestidae, Xylophagous, Pomegranate, Host

# Introduction

LOTFALIZADEH et al. (2012) tabulated the hosts of Iranian species of the family Chalcididae and reported three species as parasitoids on coleopterans of the family Buprestidae; these were *Tanycoryphus tibialis* (Nikol'skaya, 1960), *Trigonura ruficaudis* (Cameron, 1913) and *Trigonura ninae* (Nikol'skaya, 1952). The present article reports on new associations of two species of Chalcididae in Iran, both associated with *Chrysobothris parvipunctata* Obenberger, 1914 (Coleoptera: Buprestidae) occurring on pomegranate trees in Iran.

# **Materials and Methods**

During a study of parasitoids of *Chrysobothris parvipunctata* on pomegranate trees *Punica granatum* (L.), in Yazd Province, we found two chalcidid species. These specimens were examined morphologically and compared with available identification keys and descriptions (Steffan 1959, Nikol'skaya 1952, 1960, Bouček 1952, 1956, 1988, Narendran 1989).

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# Results

Cratocentrus tomentosus (Nikol'skaya, 1952)

**Material examined:** Iran, Yazd Province, Yazd, ex *C. parvipunctata on P. granatum*, 19 July 2012, (A. Jafari-Nadushan),  $1 \circ 2$  and  $1 \circ 3$ .

**Distribution.** This species has been reported from India (NARENDRAN 1989) and the north and the south-east of Iran (NIKOL'SKAYA 1952; LOTFALIZADEH *et al.* 2012). The present study extends its geographical range to the central part of Iran.

**Biology.** The species of the genus *Cratocentrus* Cameron, 1907 are generally parasitic on beetles of the families Buprestidae, Curculionidae and Cerambycidae (LOTFALIZADEH, KHALGHANI 2008). However, there are no previous reports on the biological associations of *C. tomentosus*. We reared *C. tomentosus* for the first time from *C. parvipunctata galleries* on *P. granatum* in July 2012. *C. tomentosus*, with the females c. 9.5 mm long and males c. 7 mm long, is the largest chalcidid species recorded from Iran.

Trigonura ninae (Nikol'skaya, 1952)

Material examined: Iran, Yazd Province, Yazd, ex Chrysobothris parvipunctata on Punica

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*granatum*, 19 July 2012 (A. Jafari-Nadushan), 3♀♀ and 2♂♂.

**Distribution.** *T. ninae* is known from Kazakhstan (Nikol'skaya 1952, 1960) and Iran (Haeselbarth 1983). Haeselbarth (1983) reported this species from Iran without giving a precise locality. Recently, it was reared by Dr M. Abai in Tehran (Lotfalizadeh *et al.* 2012). We report it here for the central part of Iran.

**Biology.** The biology of *T. ninae* is little known. It has been reported as a parasitoid of the Buprestidae only (Lotfalizadeh *et al.* 2012). The specimens examined by us have been reared for the first time from *C. parvipunctata* galleries on *P. granatum* in July 2012.

## **Discussion**

Chrysobothris parvipunctata is one of the important pests of trees in Iran, including of some economically important trees such as pomegranate in central parts of Iran. Prior to our study, biocontrol agents of *C. parvipunctata* have not been reported. The present study is the first record of parasitoids from this coleopteran pest species.

Jewel beetles (Buprestidae) could be attacked by 34 species of five families of the superfamily Chalcidoidea in the world (Noyes 2012). Among them, the family Chalcididae with 10 species of four genera (*Acanthochalcis* Cameron, 1884, *Phasgonophora* Westwood, 1832, *Tanycoryphus* Cameron, 1905 and *Trigonura* Sichel, 1866) is an important group of biocontrol agents of species of the genus *Chrysobothris* Eschscholtz, 1829. About 6% of the reported chalcidoidean species that attack xylophagous beetles are parasitoids of Buprestidae (LOTFALIZADEH 2012).

It seems that species of the family Chalcididae are important biocontrol agents of Buprestidae. Among the associations "xylophagous beetle – parasitoid", the Chalcididae – Buprestidae pairs represent 67% (LOTFALIZADEH 2012). This high frequency may be related to the comparatively large and stout body of chalcidids, which enables them to penetrate into the large galleries of buprestid beetles.

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